

Analysis report ORAC Europe BV

*initials
investigator*

Customer name:

Hak Agrofeed BV
att. Mr. B. Hak
Leemansstraat 2
4251 LD Werkendam
The Netherlands

Amount of samples
delivered:

9 samples

EW

Date of sample arrival:

Tuesday, May 12, 2009

EW

Sample condition at arrival:

OK Damaged Other (see remarks)

Sample storage conditions:

Upon arrival, samples were stored at
4°C, in the dark.

EW

Remarks:

Samples were presented as
individually wrapped cucumbers.
Cucumbers were divided into three
separately labeled groups.

EW

Customer's description of samples:

The delivered cucumbers were divided into three groups: a control group (n=3) and an *Immutines*-treated group (1 mL/m²/week, green label, n=3) and an *Immutines*-treated group (1,5 mL/m²/week, red label, n=3).

The control group consisted of untreated cucumbers. Control cucumbers were labeled C-1, C-2 and C-3. *Immutines*-treated cucumbers (1 mL/m²) were labeled G-1, G-2 and G-3, and *Immutines*-treated cucumbers (1,5 mL/m²) were labeled R-1, R-2 and R-3.

All cucumbers were grown at the nursery of A.W. Vahl in IJsselmuiden, The Netherlands.

Further details about the cultivation procedures and additional information about *Immutines* are provided in the appendix of the ORAC Europe report of September 23, 2008.

ORAC Europe sample preparation:

Of each cucumber the total weight was determined.

From each cucumber, an equal-sized part (± 5 cm) was cut from the exact middle of the cucumber. The weight of each part was determined and also its volume was determined (see *results section*).

Each part was thoroughly grinded using a laboratory grinder. From each of the resulting samples, 2.5 gram was accurately weighed in labeled glass test-tubes.

To extract the hydrophilic contents from each sample, 10 mL of an acetone/water/acetic acid solution (140:59:1, v/v) was added to each test-tube. This solution (abbreviated as AWA) is commonly used to extract hydrophilic constituents from food samples.

All sealed test-tubes with samples were placed in a sonication bath for 15 min. Hereafter, all samples were thoroughly vortexed for 1 min, and placed back in the sonication bath for another 15 min.

All tubes were vortexed again for another minute and finally, all tubes were centrifuged at 800 x g for 15 min.

Supernatants were carefully collected and stored in dark glass bottles at 4°C until further use in the hydrophilic ORAC assay.

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investigator*

Date of sample preparation:

Tuesday, May 12, 2009

EW

Required assay:

Hydrophilic ORAC assay

EW

Date(s) of testing:

Wednesday 13 & Thursday 14 May,
2009

EW

Responsible investigator:

Dr. E. van den Worm



EW

Report finalization date:

Thursday, June 4, 2009

EW

Remarks:

- no remarks -

EW

Short description of performed assay:

Samples provided by Hak Agrofeed BV were tested for their **Oxygen Radical Absorbance Capacity** (ORAC), using the commonly accepted and well-validated hydrophilic ORAC assay with fluorescein as fluorescent probe and with AAPH (2,2'-azobis (2-methyl-propionamidine) dihydrochloride) as a physiological relevant peroxy radical generator. Kinetic fluorescence profiles were detected using an automated fluorescence reader (*Thermo Fluoroskan Ascent*). Fluorescence was monitored every minute for 1 hr. at 37°C, using an excitation wavelength of 485 nm and an emission wavelength of 538 nm.

In the ORAC assay, Trolox (a water-soluble derivative of vitamin E) is used as an internal standard. Therefore, the results of the ORAC assay are expressed as μmol Trolox equivalents (TE) **per 100 g of test-sample**. This is a standard way of expressing ORAC values.

Each sample was dissolved and diluted in freshly prepared 75mM sodium phosphate buffer (pH = 7.4) shortly before the experiment.

All reagents were freshly prepared prior to the experiment. All solutions were kept in the dark at 37°C except the AAPH solution which was kept on ice (in the dark) until use.

From the obtained experimental data, final ORAC values were calculated using the 'area under the curve' (AUC). The net AUC was obtained by subtracting the AUC of the blank from that of the sample. The relative ORAC value (expressed as Trolox equivalents) was calculated by extrapolation from the Trolox calibration curve (AUC_{Trolox} vs. [Trolox]). ORAC values are expressed as mean values \pm Standard Deviation (S.D.).

Remarks:

Before all dilution steps and final addition to test-plate, all sample dilutions were carefully vortexed.

TEST RESULTS:

Cucumber nr.	Total weight	Weight (part)	Volume (part)
C-1 (control)	366.18 g.	78.84 g.	78 cm ³
C-2 (control)	396.07 g.	93.85 g.	92 cm ³
C-3 (Control)	291.51 g.	68.84 g.	66 cm ³
G-1 (1 mL/m ²)	344.22 g.	88.41 g.	88 cm ³
G-2 (1 mL/m ²)	350.12 g.	82.90 g.	82 cm ³
G-3 (1 mL/m ²)	282.66 g.	71.25 g.	72 cm ³
R-1 (1,5 mL/m ²)	333.06 g.	83.53 g.	82 cm ³
R-2 (1,5 mL/m ²)	395.42 g.	95.23 g.	94 cm ³
R-3 (1,5 mL/m ²)	339.59 g.	85.50 g.	82 cm ³

Samples	ORAC value (µmol TE / 100 g.)*	
Control cucumbers (C)	127.5 ± 27.5 (mean ± S.D.)	(n = 4)
Immutines-treated cucumbers (1 mL/m ² , G)	174.2 ± 27.5 (mean ± S.D.)	(n = 4)
Immutines-treated cucumbers (1.5 mL/m ² , R)	170.0 ± 46.1 (mean ± S.D.)	(n = 4)

* As stated previously, ORAC values are expressed as µmol TE per 100 g of test sample. If required, customer can extrapolate these ORAC values to µmol TE per cucumber or µmol TE per serving.

NB: 1 µmol Trolox Equivalent (TE) equals 250 µg Trolox

	Antioxidant capacity (% of control)	Increase in antioxidant capacity (relative to control)
Control cucumbers (C)	100	-
<i>Immutines-treated cucumbers (1 mL/m², G)</i>	136.63 ± 21.5	36.6 %
<i>Immutines-treated cucumbers (1.5 mL/m², R)</i>	133.3 ± 36.1	33.3 %

Responsible Investigator:

Dr. E. van den Worm
(CEO, ORAC Europe BV)

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Appendix A

Antioxidant capacity of *Immutines* solution

To determine the possible contribution of the *Immutines* solution to the antioxidant capacity as determined in *Immutines-treated* cucumbers, the hydrophilic ORAC value of the *Immutines* solution is also determined.

The constituents of the reformulated *Immutines* are described in the ORAC Europe report of September 23, 2008.

The antioxidant capacity of the *Immutines* (expressed as hydrophilic ORAC value) is determined in the same way as previously described in this report (see pag. 4).

Sample	ORAC value ($\mu\text{mol TE} / \text{mL}$)*
<i>Immutines</i> solution	0.05 ± 0.0014 (n=3)

* The hydrophilic ORAC value is expressed as $\mu\text{mol TE}$ per mL *Immutines*. After re-calculation of the obtained ORAC value per mL, into $\mu\text{mol TE}$ per 100 gram (to compare this value with the obtained ORAC values of the cucumbers), the hydrophilic ORAC value of the *Immutines* solution is:

3.85 $\mu\text{mol TE} / 100 \text{ g}$ (relative density of *Immutines* solution: 1,3)